SAT READING & WRITING

plainprep

# 100 palabras esenciales del SAT

El vocabulario clave de Reading & Writing: significado en español, definición en inglés y ejemplo en contexto.

20 palabras por set • autoevaluación • práctica. Al final: pares confusos, test final e índice.

## ¿Cómo usar esta guía?

Cada palabra tiene su tarjeta. Lee primero el **significado en español** y luego **siempre la oración de ejemplo**. No memorices solo la equivalencia: cuando **deduces tú** el significado de la oración, tu mente se esfuerza y la palabra se queda. Tapa la parte de arriba, adivina el significado por la oración y comprueba. Si en una pregunta hay una palabra desconocida, fíjate en la **dirección** de la oración: ¿positiva o negativa? ¿aumento o descenso? Haz coincidir las opciones con ella.

**La regla más importante:** solo aprendiste una palabra cuando puedes **usarla en tu propia oración**. Escribe una con cada palabra. Leer no basta: escribir la fija.

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Cada set acaba con autoevaluación y práctica; al final hay pares confusos, test final e índice alfabético.

## Estudia esta lista en línea

**Te recomiendo mucho repasar las palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet; necesitas uno de los dos para sacarle partido a esta guía.** Knowt es totalmente gratis, y yo mismo lo usé mientras estudiaba; me ayudó muchísimo. Tiene tarjetas (flashcards), **repetición espaciada** (vuelves a ver la palabra justo cuando estás a punto de olvidarla, y se queda; es la técnica más conocida y más usada para aprender vocabulario) y otros modos de estudio. Quizlet es la otra app de tarjetas muy conocida, con la misma lista (algunas funciones pueden requerir un plan de pago). Leer solo la página no basta; repasa las palabras allí.

Estudiar en Knowt → | Estudiar en Quizlet →

*__Nota:__ Esta guía es independiente. Su autor no tiene alianza con Knowt ni con Quizlet; la guía no está vinculada a ninguno de los dos ni avalada por ellos. Los botones y los enlaces llevan a sitios de terceros con sus propios términos de uso y política de privacidad.*

### ¿Prefieres otra app de tarjetas?

Las 100 tarjetas también están en la página de esta guía en el sitio de plainprep, en un solo bloque que puedes copiar. En la pantalla de importación de tu app, pega el texto y define separadores personalizados: **::** entre término y definición y **\n\n** (una línea en blanco) entre tarjetas. El símbolo **||** solo separa el significado de la frase de ejemplo. Una tarjeta se ve así:

```
corroborate::to confirm a claim with more evidence, corroborar, confirmar || A second study corroborated the original findings.
```

# ¿De dónde salen las 100 palabras?

Antes, te digo con honestidad lo esencial.

**¿Cómo se eligieron?** El SAT no tiene una lista oficial de vocabulario. Por eso se revisaron las listas comunes para preparar Reading & Writing y se contó en cuántas listas aparece cada palabra. Se eligieron las que aparecen en más listas y encajan mejor con las preguntas de "Words in Context" y de tono. Se dio prioridad a los verbos, porque en los textos del SAT el autor apoya, debilita, resalta o suaviza algo todo el tiempo. Las palabras muy raras, que solo sirven para memorizar, se dejaron fuera a propósito.

**En el examen también habrá palabras que no conoces.** Esta lista reúne palabras con alta probabilidad de salir, pero no cubre todas las del examen. Aunque memorices las 100, te encontrarás con alguna desconocida. Es normal. El SAT no mide si conoces la palabra, sino si puedes **deducirla a partir de la oración**.

## Cuando te encuentres una palabra que no conoces

1. Mira la dirección de la oración: ¿positiva o negativa? ¿aumento o descenso?
2. Busca pistas de contexto: *although, but, however* marcan contraste; *because, so, therefore* causa y consecuencia; lo que sigue a los dos puntos y a las comas suele explicar.
3. Descarta las opciones que no siguen esa dirección y elige la más lógica de las restantes.
4. Apóyate en la raíz de la palabra o en una palabra parecida que ya conozcas.

## Recurso útil: Cambridge Dictionary

Cuando una palabra aún no te queda clara, te recomiendo abrir el Cambridge Dictionary. Sus definiciones y frases de ejemplo son muy fáciles de entender, y ver la palabra en más frases ayuda a fijar su significado. Es solo una recomendación mía; no tengo ninguna relación con Cambridge University Press.

Abrir el Cambridge Dictionary →

Los ejemplos, las prácticas y el test final están escritos justo para entrenar esa habilidad. Al aprender la palabra, aprendes también a deducir el significado por contexto.

*SAT es una marca registrada de College Board. Esta guía no está vinculada a College Board ni avalada por College Board. Las traducciones de esta guía se han hecho con IA. Las definiciones y frases de ejemplo en inglés son originales.*

# Set 1

Palabras 1–20 • Probar · apoyar · afirmar. Lee el ejemplo junto con el significado: intenta deducirlo de la oración y haz que tu mente se esfuerce.

01 **corroborate** VERBO **corroborar, confirmar**

To confirm a claim with more evidence

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"A second study **corroborated** the original findings."*

02 **substantiate** VERBO **fundamentar, probar**

To support a claim with proof

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"She **substantiated** her claim with census data."*

03 **validate** VERBO **validar**

To show that something is correct or valid

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The results **validated** the researchers' hypothesis."*

04 **bolster** VERBO **reforzar**

To support or strengthen

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"New evidence **bolstered** the argument."*

05 **reinforce** VERBO **reforzar, afianzar**

To make an idea or effort stronger

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The second example **reinforces** the author's point."*

06 **endorse** VERBO **respaldar, avalar**

To publicly support or approve

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Several experts **endorsed** the proposal."*

07 **advocate** VERBO **abogar por, defender**

To publicly support a cause or person

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The author **advocates** for stricter water regulations."*

08 **underscore** VERBO **subrayar, destacar**
To stress that something is important
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The data **underscore** the need for more research."*

09 **highlight** VERBO **resaltar**
To draw special attention to something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The report **highlights** a gap in funding."*

10 **exemplify** VERBO **ejemplificar**
To be a typical example of something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The painting **exemplifies** the style of the period."*

11 **undermine** VERBO **socavar, debilitar**
To weaken something gradually
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The flawed method **undermines** the study's conclusion."*

12 **refute** VERBO **refutar, rebatir**
To prove that something is wrong
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The experiment **refuted** the long-held theory."*

13 **contradict** VERBO **contradecir**
To say or show the opposite of something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The new data **contradict** the earlier claim."*

14 **dismiss** VERBO **desestimar, descartar**
To reject something as unimportant
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Critics **dismissed** the idea as unrealistic."*

15 **denounce** VERBO **denunciar, condenar**
To publicly condemn something as wrong
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The poet **denounced** the injustice of the law."*

16 **disparage** VERBO **menospreciar, denigrar**
To speak of something as having little value
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"He **disparaged** the work of his rivals."*

17 **assert** VERBO **afirmar, sostener**
To state something strongly as a fact
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The author **asserts** that the policy failed."*

18 **contend** VERBO **sostener, alegar**
To argue that something is true
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Historians **contend** that the treaty was rushed."*

19 **concede** VERBO **conceder, admitir**
To admit that something is true, often unwillingly
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"She **conceded** that the results were limited."*

20 **acknowledge** VERBO **reconocer**
To accept or admit that something exists or is true
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The author **acknowledges** a possible flaw in the data."*

# Set 1 – Autoevaluación

Elige del recuadro de abajo la palabra que corresponde a cada definición y escríbela. Las respuestas están al final.

**acknowledge • advocate • assert • bolster • concede • contend • contradict • corroborate • denounce • dismiss • disparage • endorse • exemplify • highlight • refute • reinforce • substantiate • undermine • underscore • validate**

1. To argue that something is true _____
2. To speak of something as having little value _____
3. To prove that something is wrong _____
4. To admit that something is true, often unwillingly _____
5. To stress that something is important _____
6. To publicly support a cause or person _____
7. To accept or admit that something exists or is true _____
8. To support or strengthen _____
9. To publicly condemn something as wrong _____
10. To confirm a claim with more evidence _____
11. To be a typical example of something _____
12. To publicly support or approve _____
13. To state something strongly as a fact _____
14. To draw special attention to something _____
15. To reject something as unimportant _____
16. To show that something is correct or valid _____
17. To support a claim with proof _____
18. To say or show the opposite of something _____
19. To make an idea or effort stronger _____
20. To weaken something gradually _____

**Respuestas:**

1 contend | 2 disparage | 3 refute | 4 concede | 5 underscore | 6 advocate | 7 acknowledge | 8 bolster | 9 denounce | 10 corroborate | 11 exemplify | 12 endorse | 13 assert | 14 highlight | 15 dismiss | 16 validate | 17 substantiate | 18 contradict | 19 reinforce | 20 undermine

Sigue practicando: abre la lista completa de palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet (independiente, sin vínculo con Knowt ni con Quizlet)

# Set 1 – Práctica

Usa las palabras en oraciones y en un texto.

## Parte A – Completar espacios

Coloca la palabra adecuada del recuadro. Cada palabra se usa una sola vez.

**substantiate • dismiss • undermine • exemplify • refute**

1. She could only _____ her claim with receipts, photos and a signed letter.
2. Lab tests were used to _____ the claim that the water was unsafe, proving it false.
3. The manager chose to _____ the complaint as unimportant and never replied.
4. Spreading false stories about the company will _____ its reputation.
5. Her calm leadership seems to _____ what a good captain should be.

## Parte B – Texto breve

Lee el texto. Para cada palabra en negrita, elige el significado que encaja con el contexto.

> Nadia has long **advocated** for a bike lane on Main Street. At the meeting, a shop owner **denounced** the plan as a waste of money, but Nadia calmly built her case with traffic data. Even her critics had to **concede** that the numbers were hard to argue with.

1. En el texto, **advocated** significa más bien:
   **A)** argued against it
   **B)** publicly supported it
   **C)** quietly ignored it
2. En el texto, **denounced** significa más bien:
   **A)** publicly condemned
   **B)** carefully studied
   **C)** warmly praised
3. En el texto, **concede** significa más bien:
   **A)** admit as true
   **B)** refuse to hear
   **C)** change the subject

## Parte C – Tu propia oración

Elige al menos 5 palabras de este set y escribe con cada una **tu propia oración**. Usa la palabra en una situación de tu vida. No te saltes esto: es la forma de aprender de verdad una palabra.

*No tienes que escribir las oraciones aquí; puedes hacerlo en tu cuaderno, en el teléfono o en Knowt. Lo importante es que escribas.*

**Respuestas:**

**Parte A** 1 substantiate | 2 refute | 3 dismiss | 4 undermine | 5 exemplify

**Parte B** 1 B | 2 A | 3 A

# Set 2

Palabras 21–40 • Interpretar · inferir · cambiar. Lee el ejemplo junto con el significado: intenta deducirlo de la oración y haz que tu mente se esfuerce.

21 **critique** VERBO **criticar, analizar**

To judge the good and bad points of something

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The essay **critiques** the use of standardized tests."*

22 **lament** VERBO **lamentar**

To express sadness or regret about something

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The narrator **laments** the loss of the old town."*

23 **elaborate** VERBO **detallar, ampliar**

To explain something in more detail

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The second sentence **elaborates** on the first claim."*

24 **clarify** VERBO **aclarar**

To make something easier to understand

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The footnote **clarifies** the term."*

25 **commemorate** VERBO **conmemorar**

To honor the memory of a person or event

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The statue **commemorates** the town's founders."*

26 **allude** VERBO **aludir**

To mention something without saying it directly

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The poem **alludes** to an ancient myth."*

27 **attribute** VERBO **atribuir**

To say that something was caused by or belongs to someone

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Scientists **attribute** the decline to habitat loss."*

28 **infer** VERBO **inferir**
To reach a conclusion from clues, not from direct statements
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Readers can **infer** that the narrator was nervous."*

29 **deduce** VERBO **deducir**
To reach a conclusion by careful reasoning
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"From the tracks, she **deduced** the animal's size."*

30 **imply** VERBO **insinuar, implicar**
To suggest something without saying it directly
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The tone **implies** that the author is disappointed."*

31 **interpret** VERBO **interpretar**
To explain what something means
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Scholars **interpret** the poem as a critique of war."*

32 **hypothesize** VERBO **plantear una hipótesis**
To propose an explanation that can be tested
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Biologists **hypothesized** that the bird migrates at night."*

33 **speculate** VERBO **especular**
To guess without having proof
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Critics **speculate** about the artist's intentions."*

34 **postulate** VERBO **postular, plantear**
To suggest something as a starting assumption
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Einstein **postulated** that light has a constant speed."*

35 **perceive** VERBO **percibir**
To notice, understand or see something in a certain way
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Many readers **perceive** the narrator as unreliable."*

36 **mimic** VERBO **imitar**
To copy the way someone or something looks or sounds
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Some birds **mimic** human speech."*

37 **derive** VERBO **derivar, provenir**
To get something from a source
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The word **derives** from a Latin root."*

38 **encompass** VERBO **abarcar**
To include or cover a wide range of things
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The survey **encompasses** ten countries."*

39 **diminish** VERBO **disminuir**
To become or make smaller or less
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Rainfall **diminished** over the decade."*

40 **erode** VERBO **erosionar, desgastar**
To wear something away slowly
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Constant criticism **eroded** her confidence."*

# Set 2 – Autoevaluación

Elige del recuadro de abajo la palabra que corresponde a cada definición y escríbela. Las respuestas están al final.

**allude • attribute • clarify • commemorate • critique • deduce • derive • diminish • elaborate • encompass • erode • hypothesize • imply • infer • interpret • lament • mimic • perceive • postulate • speculate**

1. To wear something away slowly _____
2. To notice, understand or see something in a certain way _____
3. To include or cover a wide range of things _____
4. To get something from a source _____
5. To suggest something without saying it directly _____
6. To suggest something as a starting assumption _____
7. To mention something without saying it directly _____
8. To copy the way someone or something looks or sounds _____
9. To explain what something means _____
10. To reach a conclusion by careful reasoning _____
11. To make something easier to understand _____
12. To explain something in more detail _____
13. To express sadness or regret about something _____
14. To judge the good and bad points of something _____
15. To become or make smaller or less _____
16. To say that something was caused by or belongs to someone _____
17. To honor the memory of a person or event _____
18. To guess without having proof _____
19. To propose an explanation that can be tested _____
20. To reach a conclusion from clues, not from direct statements _____

**Respuestas:**

1 erode | 2 perceive | 3 encompass | 4 derive | 5 imply | 6 postulate | 7 allude | 8 mimic | 9 interpret | 10 deduce | 11 clarify | 12 elaborate | 13 lament | 14 critique | 15 diminish | 16 attribute | 17 commemorate | 18 speculate | 19 hypothesize | 20 infer

Sigue practicando: abre la lista completa de palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet (independiente, sin vínculo con Knowt ni con Quizlet)

# Set 2 – Práctica

Usa las palabras en oraciones y en un texto.

## Parte A – Completar espacios

Coloca la palabra adecuada del recuadro. Cada palabra se usa una sola vez.

**elaborate • lament • deduce • encompass • mimic**

1. The detective could _____ the thief's height from the size of the footprints.
2. Some parrots can _____ the sounds of a doorbell or a phone.
3. The tour will _____ five cities in seven days.
4. Please _____ on your answer; one word is not enough.
5. Many older residents _____ the closing of the town's only bookstore.

## Parte B – Texto breve

Lee el texto. Para cada palabra en negrita, elige el significado que encaja con el contexto.

> When the old map was found, historians could only **speculate** about who had drawn it. One expert **postulated** that a sailor made it, while another **interpreted** the odd symbols as a secret code.

1. En el texto, **speculate** significa más bien:
   **A)** guess without proof
   **B)** prove with evidence
   **C)** refuse to discuss
2. En el texto, **postulated** significa más bien:
   **A)** denied firmly
   **B)** copied exactly
   **C)** suggested as a starting assumption
3. En el texto, **interpreted** significa más bien:
   **A)** hid
   **B)** explained the meaning of
   **C)** forgot

## Parte C – Tu propia oración

Elige al menos 5 palabras de este set y escribe con cada una **tu propia oración**. Usa la palabra en una situación de tu vida. No te saltes esto: es la forma de aprender de verdad una palabra.

*No tienes que escribir las oraciones aquí; puedes hacerlo en tu cuaderno, en el teléfono o en Knowt. Lo importante es que escribas.*

**Respuestas:**

**Parte A** 1 deduce · 2 mimic · 3 encompass · 4 elaborate · 5 lament

**Parte B** 1 A · 2 C · 3 B

# Set 3

Palabras 41–60 • Cambio · obstáculo · alivio. Lee el ejemplo junto con el significado: intenta deducirlo de la oración y haz que tu mente se esfuerce.

41 **fluctuate** VERBO **fluctuar**

To rise and fall again and again

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Prices **fluctuated** throughout the year."*

42 **proliferate** VERBO **proliferar**

To increase very quickly in number

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Small publishers **proliferated** after the invention."*

43 **stagnate** VERBO **estancarse**

To stop growing or developing

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The economy **stagnated** for years."*

44 **emerge** VERBO **surgir, emerger**

To come out or become visible

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"A new pattern **emerged** from the data."*

45 **evolve** VERBO **evolucionar**

To develop gradually over time

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The language **evolved** over centuries."*

46 **adapt** VERBO **adaptarse**

To change in order to fit new conditions

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The species **adapted** to colder climates."*

47 **intensify** VERBO **intensificarse**

To become stronger or more extreme

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Debate **intensified** after the announcement."*

48 **amplify** VERBO **amplificar**
To make something stronger or louder
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Social media **amplified** the message."*

49 **enhance** VERBO **mejorar, potenciar**
To improve the quality or value of something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The new lens **enhances** image quality."*

50 **supplement** VERBO **complementar**
To add something to make a whole complete
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"She **supplemented** her income with tutoring."*

51 **surpass** VERBO **superar**
To go beyond or do better than something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Sales **surpassed** all expectations."*

52 **prevail** VERBO **prevalecer, imperar**
To win out, or to be the most common
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Old customs still **prevail** in the village."*

53 **deviate** VERBO **desviarse**
To move away from the usual path or plan
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The results **deviate** from earlier trends."*

54 **diverge** VERBO **divergir**
To separate and go in different directions
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The two paths **diverge** near the river."*

55 **mitigate** VERBO **mitigar, atenuar**
To make something less severe
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Trees **mitigate** the effects of urban heat."*

56 **alleviate** VERBO **aliviar**
To make pain or a problem less severe
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The new policy **alleviated** traffic congestion."*

57 **ameliorate** VERBO **mejorar, paliar**
To make a bad situation better
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Aid programs **ameliorated** living conditions."*

58 **exacerbate** VERBO **agravar, empeorar**
To make a bad situation worse
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Drought **exacerbated** the food shortage."*

59 **impede** VERBO **impedir, obstaculizar**
To slow down or block progress
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Thick fog **impeded** the rescue."*

60 **hinder** VERBO **dificultar, entorpecer**
To make it harder for something to happen
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Limited funding **hindered** progress."*

# Set 3 – Autoevaluación

Elige del recuadro de abajo la palabra que corresponde a cada definición y escríbela. Las respuestas están al final.

**adapt • alleviate • ameliorate • amplify • deviate • diverge • emerge • enhance • evolve • exacerbate • fluctuate • hinder • impede • intensify • mitigate • prevail • proliferate • stagnate • supplement • surpass**

1. To stop growing or developing _____
2. To make it harder for something to happen _____
3. To add something to make a whole complete _____
4. To come out or become visible _____
5. To move away from the usual path or plan _____
6. To become stronger or more extreme _____
7. To make a bad situation better _____
8. To slow down or block progress _____
9. To increase very quickly in number _____
10. To make something stronger or louder _____
11. To make a bad situation worse _____
12. To make pain or a problem less severe _____
13. To rise and fall again and again _____
14. To go beyond or do better than something _____
15. To separate and go in different directions _____
16. To change in order to fit new conditions _____
17. To develop gradually over time _____
18. To improve the quality or value of something _____
19. To win out, or to be the most common _____
20. To make something less severe _____

**Respuestas:**

1 stagnate | 2 hinder | 3 supplement | 4 emerge | 5 deviate | 6 intensify | 7 ameliorate | 8 impede | 9 proliferate | 10 amplify | 11 exacerbate | 12 alleviate | 13 fluctuate | 14 surpass | 15 diverge | 16 adapt | 17 evolve | 18 enhance | 19 prevail | 20 mitigate

Sigue practicando: abre la lista completa de palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet (independiente, sin vínculo con Knowt ni con Quizlet)

# Set 3 – Práctica

Usa las palabras en oraciones y en un texto.

## Parte A – Completar espacios

Coloca la palabra adecuada del recuadro. Cada palabra se usa una sola vez.

**fluctuate • stagnate • exacerbate • proliferate • impede**

1. Temperatures in the desert _____ wildly between day and night.
2. Without new customers, the shop's sales began to _____.
3. After the rain, mosquitoes began to _____ near the pond.
4. Skipping sleep will only _____ your headache and make it worse.
5. A fallen tree began to _____ traffic on the only road into town.

## Parte B – Texto breve

Lee el texto. Para cada palabra en negrita, elige el significado que encaja con el contexto.

> After the flood, volunteers worked to **mitigate** the damage. Opinions about the best repair plan began to **diverge**, but in the end the cautious plan **prevailed**.

1. En el texto, **mitigate** significa más bien:
   **A)** make less severe
   **B)** cause on purpose
   **C)** write down
2. En el texto, **diverge** significa más bien:
   **A)** become different
   **B)** become louder
   **C)** end completely
3. En el texto, **prevailed** significa más bien:
   **A)** was delayed
   **B)** won out
   **C)** was copied

## Parte C – Tu propia oración

Elige al menos 5 palabras de este set y escribe con cada una **tu propia oración**. Usa la palabra en una situación de tu vida. No te saltes esto: es la forma de aprender de verdad una palabra.

*No tienes que escribir las oraciones aquí; puedes hacerlo en tu cuaderno, en el teléfono o en Knowt. Lo importante es que escribas.*

**Respuestas:**

**Parte A** 1 fluctuate 2 stagnate 3 proliferate 4 exacerbate 5 impede

**Parte B** 1 A 2 A 3 B

# Set 4

Palabras 61–80 • Influir · interpretar · tono. Lee el ejemplo junto con el significado: intenta deducirlo de la oración y haz que tu mente se esfuerce.

61 **preclude** VERBO **excluir, impedir**

To make something impossible

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The contract **precludes** sharing the data."*

62 **inhibit** VERBO **inhibir, frenar**

To hold back or prevent growth or action

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Cold temperatures **inhibit** plant growth."*

63 **circumvent** VERBO **eludir, sortear**

To find a way around a rule or obstacle

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Engineers **circumvented** the problem with a new design."*

64 **counteract** VERBO **contrarrestar**

To reduce the effect of something by acting against it

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Vitamins can **counteract** the deficiency."*

65 **stymie** VERBO **frustrar, bloquear**

To block someone's progress

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Red tape **stymied** the project."*

66 **foster** VERBO **fomentar, promover**

To encourage something to grow

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Schools **foster** curiosity in young learners."*

67 **facilitate** VERBO **facilitar**

To make a process easier

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The app **facilitates** communication between teams."*

68 **suppress** VERBO **suprimir, reprimir**
To stop something by force or hold it back
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The government **suppressed** the report."*

69 **provoke** VERBO **provocar, suscitar**
To cause a strong reaction
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The speech **provoked** a strong response."*

70 **overshadow** VERBO **eclipsar, opacar**
To make something seem less important
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"His fame **overshadowed** her work."*

71 **renounce** VERBO **renunciar a**
To give something up formally
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"He **renounced** his claim to the land."*

72 **reconcile** VERBO **conciliar, reconciliar**
To make two different things fit together
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The author tries to **reconcile** two opposing views."*

73 **elicit** VERBO **suscitar, obtener**
To draw out a response or information
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The question **elicited** a range of answers."*

74 **evoke** VERBO **evocar**
To bring a feeling or memory to mind
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The poem **evokes** a feeling of loneliness."*

75 **illuminate** VERBO **esclarecer, iluminar**

To make something clear

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The letters **illuminate** her daily life."*

76 **ambiguous** ADJETIVO **ambiguo**

Having more than one possible meaning

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The ending of the story is deliberately **ambiguous**."*

77 **nuanced** ADJETIVO **matizado**

Showing small but important differences

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The author offers a **nuanced** view of the issue."*

78 **subtle** ADJETIVO **sutil**

Not obvious; delicate and hard to notice

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"There is a **subtle** shift in the narrator's tone."*

79 **pragmatic** ADJETIVO **pragmático**

Focused on what works in practice

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"She took a **pragmatic** approach to the problem."*

80 **skeptical** ADJETIVO **escéptico**

Doubtful about whether something is true

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Scientists were **skeptical** of the claim."*

# Set 4 – Autoevaluación

Elige del recuadro de abajo la palabra que corresponde a cada definición y escríbela. Las respuestas están al final.

**ambiguous • circumvent • counteract • elicit • evoke • facilitate • foster • illuminate • inhibit • nuanced • overshadow • pragmatic • preclude • provoke • reconcile • renounce • skeptical • stymie • subtle • suppress**

1. To make something clear _____
2. To make two different things fit together _____
3. To encourage something to grow _____
4. To make a process easier _____
5. Doubtful about whether something is true _____
6. To cause a strong reaction _____
7. To make something seem less important _____
8. To draw out a response or information _____
9. Showing small but important differences _____
10. To find a way around a rule or obstacle _____
11. To give something up formally _____
12. To block someone's progress _____
13. Not obvious; delicate and hard to notice _____
14. To stop something by force or hold it back _____
15. To reduce the effect of something by acting against it _____
16. To make something impossible _____
17. Having more than one possible meaning _____
18. To bring a feeling or memory to mind _____
19. To hold back or prevent growth or action _____
20. Focused on what works in practice _____

**Respuestas:**

1 illuminate | 2 reconcile | 3 foster | 4 facilitate | 5 skeptical | 6 provoke | 7 overshadow | 8 elicit | 9 nuanced | 10 circumvent | 11 renounce | 12 stymie | 13 subtle | 14 suppress | 15 counteract | 16 precude | 17 ambiguous | 18 evoke | 19 inhibit | 20 pragmatic

Sigue practicando: abre la lista completa de palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet (independiente, sin vínculo con Knowt ni con Quizlet)

# Set 4 – Práctica

Usa las palabras en oraciones y en un texto.

## Parte A – Completar espacios

Coloca la palabra adecuada del recuadro. Cada palabra se usa una sola vez.

**elicit • foster • circumvent • preclude • provoke**

1. Her fear of heights will _____ her from ever becoming a pilot.
2. Hikers took a side trail to _____ the flooded section of the path.
3. Over many years, good teachers _____ a love of reading in their students, helping it grow slowly.
4. The teacher's question was meant to _____ honest answers from the shy class.
5. Leaving the dog alone for hours may _____ it to chew the furniture.

## Parte B – Texto breve

Lee el texto. Para cada palabra en negrita, elige el significado que encaja con el contexto.

> The new rule was **ambiguous**: it did not say whether students could use phones. The principal gave a **nuanced** answer that covered several cases. Maya noticed a **subtle** hint in his tone that he would not mind a little flexibility.

1. En el texto, **ambiguous** significa más bien:
   **A)** open to more than one meaning
   **B)** strongly worded
   **C)** very long
2. En el texto, **nuanced** significa más bien:
   **A)** careless and quick
   **B)** showing small but important differences
   **C)** angry
3. En el texto, **subtle** significa más bien:
   **A)** not obvious
   **B)** very loud
   **C)** completely false

## Parte C – Tu propia oración

Elige al menos 5 palabras de este set y escribe con cada una **tu propia oración**. Usa la palabra en una situación de tu vida. No te saltes esto: es la forma de aprender de verdad una palabra.

*No tienes que escribir las oraciones aquí; puedes hacerlo en tu cuaderno, en el teléfono o en Knowt. Lo importante es que escribas.*

**Respuestas:**

**Parte A** 1 preclude · 2 circumvent · 3 foster · 4 elicit · 5 provoke

**Parte B** 1 A · 2 B · 3 A

# Set 5

Palabras 81–100 • Cualidad · tono · contradicción. Lee el ejemplo junto con el significado: intenta deducirlo de la oración y haz que tu mente se esfuerce.

81 **plausible** ADJETIVO **plausible, verosímil**
Seeming reasonable and likely to be true
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The explanation is **plausible** but unproven."*

82 **credible** ADJETIVO **creíble**
Believable and trustworthy
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The study cites **credible** sources."*

83 **implicit** ADJETIVO **implícito**
Suggested but not stated directly
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The poem carries an **implicit** criticism."*

84 **explicit** ADJETIVO **explícito**
Stated clearly and directly
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The rules give **explicit** instructions."*

85 **obscure** ADJETIVO **oscuro, poco conocido**
Hard to understand, or little known
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The origin of the custom is **obscure**."*

86 **candid** ADJETIVO **franco, sincero**
Honest and direct, even when it is uncomfortable
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The memoir is **candid** about her failures."*

87 **ambivalent** ADJETIVO **ambivalente**
Having mixed or conflicting feelings
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"He felt **ambivalent** about leaving home."*

88 **impartial** ADJETIVO **imparcial**
Fair and not favoring either side
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"A judge must remain **impartial**."*

89 **empirical** ADJETIVO **empírico**
Based on observation or experiment
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The theory lacks **empirical** support."*

90 **peripheral** ADJETIVO **secundario, periférico**
Of minor importance; on the edge
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The detail is **peripheral** to the main argument."*

91 **prominent** ADJETIVO **destacado, prominente**
Important or easy to notice
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"A **prominent** scientist led the study."*

92 **pervasive** ADJETIVO **omnipresente, generalizado**
Spreading through every part of something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Plastic is now **pervasive** in the oceans."*

93 **substantial** ADJETIVO **considerable, sustancial**
Large in amount or importance
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"The study found a **substantial** increase."*

94 **inherent** ADJETIVO **inherente, intrínseco**
Existing as a natural, built-in part of something
ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO
*"Risk is **inherent** in any experiment."*

95 **resilient** ADJETIVO **resiliente**

Able to recover quickly after difficulty

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Coral reefs can be surprisingly **resilient**."*

96 **ubiquitous** ADJETIVO **omnipresente, ubicuo**

Seeming to be present everywhere

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"Smartphones are now **ubiquitous**."*

97 **elusive** ADJETIVO **esquivo, difícil de alcanzar**

Hard to find, catch or achieve

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The rare cat is **elusive**."*

98 **anomaly** SUSTANTIVO **anomalía**

Something that differs from what is normal

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The result was an **anomaly** in the data."*

99 **discrepancy** SUSTANTIVO **discrepancia**

A difference between things that should match

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"The two reports show a **discrepancy**."*

100 **paradox** SUSTANTIVO **paradoja**

A statement or situation that seems to contradict itself but may be true

ORACIÓN DE EJEMPLO

*"It is a **paradox** that more choices can reduce satisfaction."*

# Set 5 – Autoevaluación

Elige del recuadro de abajo la palabra que corresponde a cada definición y escríbela. Las respuestas están al final.

**ambivalent • anomaly • candid • credible • discrepancy • elusive • empirical • explicit • impartial • implicit • inherent • obscure • paradox • peripheral • pervasive • plausible • prominent • resilient • substantial • ubiquitous**

1. Hard to understand, or little known _____
2. Seeming to be present everywhere _____
3. Honest and direct, even when it is uncomfortable _____
4. Seeming reasonable and likely to be true _____
5. Spreading through every part of something _____
6. Existing as a natural, built-in part of something _____
7. Stated clearly and directly _____
8. Believable and trustworthy _____
9. Hard to find, catch or achieve _____
10. Of minor importance; on the edge _____
11. Important or easy to notice _____
12. Fair and not favoring either side _____
13. Based on observation or experiment _____
14. Large in amount or importance _____
15. Suggested but not stated directly _____
16. Having mixed or conflicting feelings _____
17. A difference between things that should match _____
18. A statement or situation that seems to contradict itself but may be true _____
19. Something that differs from what is normal _____
20. Able to recover quickly after difficulty _____

**Respuestas:**

1 obscure | 2 ubiquitous | 3 candid | 4 plausible | 5 pervasive | 6 inherent | 7 explicit | 8 credible | 9 elusive | 10 peripheral | 11 prominent | 12 impartial | 13 empirical | 14 substantial | 15 implicit | 16 ambivalent | 17 discrepancy | 18 paradox | 19 anomaly | 20 resilient

Sigue practicando: abre la lista completa de palabras en Knowt o en Quizlet (independiente, sin vínculo con Knowt ni con Quizlet)

# Set 5 – Práctica

Usa las palabras en oraciones y en un texto.

## Parte A – Completar espacios

Coloca la palabra adecuada del recuadro. Cada palabra se usa una sola vez.

**elusive • ubiquitous • impartial • resilient • discrepancy**

1. Smartphones have become so _____ that you see them in almost every hand.
2. The plant is _____ and grows back quickly after every storm.
3. The accountant found a _____ between the two reports and asked which was right.
4. A good referee must stay _____ and favor neither team.
5. The rare snow leopard is _____ and almost never seen by hikers.

## Parte B – Texto breve

Lee el texto. Para cada palabra en negrita, elige el significado que encaja con el contexto.

> The scientist's claim seemed **plausible**, but it lacked **empirical** support. The result was an **anomaly** that no one in the lab could explain.

1. En el texto, **plausible** significa más bien:
   **A)** believable
   **B)** boring
   **C)** dangerous
2. En el texto, **empirical** significa más bien:
   **A)** based on observation or experiment
   **B)** based on opinion
   **C)** based on a rumor
3. En el texto, **anomaly** significa más bien:
   **A)** a planned step
   **B)** something that differs from what is normal
   **C)** a final answer

## Parte C – Tu propia oración

Elige al menos 5 palabras de este set y escribe con cada una **tu propia oración**. Usa la palabra en una situación de tu vida. No te saltes esto: es la forma de aprender de verdad una palabra.

*No tienes que escribir las oraciones aquí; puedes hacerlo en tu cuaderno, en el teléfono o en Knowt. Lo importante es que escribas.*

**Respuestas:**

**Parte A** 1 ubiquitous · 2 resilient · 3 discrepancy · 4 impartial · 5 elusive

**Parte B** 1 A · 2 A · 3 B

# Pares confusos

Palabras que parecen tener significados cercanos pero se usan de forma distinta en el examen. Si ves las dos entre las opciones, fíjate en la diferencia.

## infer

**lo deduce el lector**

*"From the muddy boots, we can infer that he walked home."*

## imply

**insinúa el autor**

*"The author implies that the plan was rushed."*

**Pista:** El lector infiere (infer); el autor da a entender (imply).

## refute

**rebate con pruebas**

*"The data refute the claim."*

## dismiss

**descarta sin pruebas**

*"The senator dismissed the claim without a reply."*

**Pista:** Refute lleva pruebas; dismiss no.

## corroborate

**confirma con más pruebas**

*"A second witness corroborated her story."*

## validate

**muestra que es válido**

*"The test validated the new method."*

**Pista:** Corroborate: añadir pruebas a una afirmación que ya tienes. Validate: confirmar que algo es correcto o válido.

## mitigate

**reduce el efecto**

*"Trees mitigate heat in cities."*

## exacerbate

**empeora**

*"Drought exacerbated the shortage."*

**Pista:** Par opuesto: uno alivia el problema y el otro lo agranda.

## impede

**frena, estorba**

*"Snow impeded the rescue."*

## preclude

**hace imposible**

*"The contract precludes any refund."*

**Pista:** Impede dificulta el camino; preclude lo cierra por completo.

## concede

**admite a regañadientes**

*"The coach conceded that the team had lost."*

## acknowledge

**reconoce con neutralidad**

*"The author acknowledges a limit in the data."*

**Pista:** Concede implica ceder terreno; acknowledge es solo reconocer.

## deduce

**concluye con pruebas**

*"She deduced the answer from the clues."*

## speculate

**supone sin pruebas**

*"Critics speculated about his motives."*

**Pista:** Deduce usa lógica y pruebas; speculate no.

## subtle

**sutil pero real**

*"There is a subtle change in tone."*

## ambiguous

**admite dos sentidos**

*"The ending is ambiguous."*

**Pista:** Subtle: difícil de notar. Ambiguous: se puede interpretar de varias formas.

## implicit
**implícito**
*"The criticism is implicit."*

## explicit
**dicho claramente**
*"The rules are explicit."*

**Pista:** Par opuesto: lo no dicho y sugerido / lo escrito con claridad.

## plausible
**verosímil (idea)**
*"Her explanation is plausible."*

## credible
**confiable (persona, fuente)**
*"A credible source confirmed it."*

**Pista:** Plausible describe una idea; credible, una fuente o una persona.

## candid
**franco**
*"He gave a candid answer."*

## impartial
**imparcial**
*"A judge must be impartial."*

**Pista:** Candid: decir las cosas con sinceridad. Impartial: no tomar partido.

## prominent
**destacado**
*"A prominent scientist spoke."*

## peripheral
**secundario, marginal**
*"The detail is peripheral."*

**Pista:** Par opuesto: el tema central frente al detalle lateral.

## foster
**impulsa el desarrollo**
*"Schools foster curiosity."*

## facilitate
**facilita el proceso**
*"The app facilitates teamwork."*

**Pista:** Foster hace crecer (habilidad, emoción); facilitate abre el camino.

## elicit
**saca una reacción o dato**
*"The question elicited honest answers."*

## evoke
**evoca una emoción o recuerdo**
*"The song evokes memories."*

**Pista:** Elicit obtiene una respuesta; evoke trae algo a la mente.

## anomaly
**lo que se aparta de lo normal**
*"One result was an anomaly."*

## discrepancy
**diferencia que no cuadra**
*"There was a discrepancy between the reports."*

**Pista:** Anomaly es algo raro por sí solo; discrepancy es una incongruencia entre dos cosas. Paradox: situación que parece contradecirse a sí misma pero puede ser cierta.

# Test final – 100 preguntas

Una pregunta por palabra. Elige la palabra que mejor complete la oración. Primero lee las pistas de la oración y luego mira las opciones.

1. A lone tip from an informant is not enough; detectives need a second, independent source to _____ his story before they will make an arrest.
**A)** commemorate **B)** fluctuate **C)** corroborate **D)** lament

2. Anyone who accuses a company of fraud must be ready to _____ the charge with receipts, emails, or other hard proof.
**A)** substantiate **B)** lament **C)** commemorate **D)** advocate

3. Before releasing the app, the team ran hundreds of trials to _____ that the calculator gives correct answers every time.
**A)** validate **B)** denounce **C)** lament **D)** commemorate

4. After five straight losses, the team's confidence had slumped, so the coach hoped a surprise visit from a former champion would _____ it.
**A)** refute **B)** dismiss **C)** lament **D)** bolster

5. Teachers often repeat key ideas in homework and class discussion to _____ what students learned earlier in the week and help the lessons stick.
**A)** disparage **B)** denounce **C)** commemorate **D)** reinforce

6. The famous chef agreed to publicly _____ the new line of knives, appearing in advertisements to tell customers that she approves of them.
**A)** lament **B)** clarify **C)** endorse **D)** refute

7. Dr. Ruiz travels to school boards across the state to _____ longer lunch breaks, speaking in public in favor of the change.
**A)** advocate **B)** commemorate **C)** refute **D)** lament

8. A single dramatic photograph of the flooded town helped _____ the urgency of the drainage project, making the need hard for officials to ignore.
**A)** commemorate **B)** denounce **C)** underscore **D)** mimic

9. Using a yellow marker, she began to _____ the key dates in her history notes so that they would catch her eye during review.
**A)** refute **B)** highlight **C)** disparage **D)** renounce

10. The coach pointed to the relay squad as a team that can _____ good sportsmanship: every runner cheered for the rivals as well as for teammates.
**A)** disparage **B)** lament **C)** exemplify **D)** refute

11. Constant rumors about the manager's decisions began to _____ the staff's trust in her, week by week, until few people believed anything she said.
**A)** commemorate **B)** undermine **C)** elaborate **D)** endorse

12. Using dated records and original letters, the historian was able to _____ the rumor that the bridge was built in 1850, proving it false.
**A)** refute **B)** lament **C)** commemorate **D)** endorse

13. Her new testimony seemed to _____ what she told police yesterday, since the two versions said the opposite about who locked the door.
**A)** commemorate **B)** elaborate **C)** endorse **D)** contradict

14. The senator chose to _____ the complaint as trivial, refusing to give it even a moment of serious thought before moving to the next topic.
**A)** commemorate **B)** substantiate **C)** reinforce **D)** dismiss

15. At the rally, the speaker rose to _____ the dumping of chemicals in the river, calling it a shameful act that must be stopped at once.
**A)** clarify **B)** commemorate **C)** denounce **D)** bolster

16. A gracious champion will not _____ an opponent's effort by calling it worthless; instead, she praises the rival's skill after the match.
**A)** reinforce **B)** commemorate **C)** disparage **D)** clarify

17. Despite the evidence against her, the defendant continued to _____ her innocence, insisting firmly that she was telling the truth.
**A)** undermine **B)** assert **C)** commemorate **D)** disparage

18. Each lawyer will _____ that her client is innocent, building an argument meant to persuade the jury that the claim is true.
**A)** contend **B)** lament **C)** deduce **D)** clarify

19. Though he hated losing, the chess champion finally had to _____ defeat, admitting unwillingly that his young rival had played better.
**A)** elaborate **B)** bolster **C)** concede **D)** foster

20. The CEO was quick to _____ the shipping error and accept responsibility for it instead of blaming a supplier.
**A)** commemorate **B)** foster **C)** mimic **D)** acknowledge

21. Each Friday, students will _____ one another's drafts, naming what works well in each essay and what still needs revision.
**A)** commemorate **B)** undermine **C)** mimic **D)** critique

22. Older residents often _____ the closing of the town's only bookstore, saying with great sadness that nothing will ever replace it.
**A)** dismiss **B)** mimic **C)** lament **D)** bolster

23. When the judge pressed her, the witness agreed to _____ on her brief statement by adding specific details about what happened that night.
**A)** suppress **B)** mimic **C)** elaborate **D)** renounce

24. The instructions confused many customers, so the company posted a short video to _____ the steps and make them easier to follow.
**A)** suppress **B)** clarify **C)** endorse **D)** commemorate

25. Every November, the town holds a parade to _____ the soldiers who died in the war, honoring their memory with music and flowers.
**A)** dismiss **B)** commemorate **C)** refute **D)** mimic

26. The mayor never named the scandal outright, but in her speech she would _____ to "recent troubles" without offering a single detail.
**A)** allude **B)** evolve **C)** fluctuate **D)** adapt

27. Historians usually _____ the invention of movable type in Europe to Johannes Gutenberg, even though similar printing methods had existed earlier in Korea.
**A)** mimic **B)** erode **C)** attribute **D)** supplement

28. The detective had received no confession, yet from the muddy boots beside the door he could _____ the route the visitor had taken through the garden.
**A)** enhance **B)** mimic **C)** infer **D)** supplement

29. By carefully comparing the dates on the letters with the ship's published schedule, the historian was able to _____ the exact voyage the writer had taken.
**A)** deduce **B)** supplement **C)** enhance **D)** commemorate

30. The manager never said so aloud, yet her long sigh and crossed arms seemed to _____ disappointment in the team's first draft.
**A)** mimic **B)** imply **C)** supplement **D)** encompass

31. Written in a lost dialect, the inscription took scholars years to _____, but they finally explained what its symbols meant.
**A)** supplement **B)** amplify **C)** mimic **D)** interpret

32. Noticing that the plants near the window grew taller, the student decided to _____ an explanation for the difference and then designed an experiment to test it.
**A)** mimic **B)** intensify **C)** diminish **D)** hypothesize

33. Since the laboratory had released no data, reporters could only _____ about why the experiment failed, offering guesses instead of facts.
**A)** fluctuate **B)** proliferate **C)** speculate **D)** stagnate

34. Instead of trying to prove everything, the Greek mathematician chose to _____ a small set of basic assumptions from which all of his later proofs would follow.
**A)** postulate **B)** intensify **C)** erode **D)** mimic

35. Two people can look at the same painting and _____ it very differently: one sees a calm landscape, while the other sees a storm about to break.
**A)** erode **B)** perceive **C)** encompass **D)** supplement

36. Mockingbirds _____ the songs of other birds so accurately that listeners often cannot tell the copy from the original.
**A)** mimic **B)** encompass **C)** diminish **D)** supplement

37. Many small farms in the valley _____ most of their income from tourism rather than from selling crops.
**A)** derive **B)** mimic **C)** encompass **D)** supplement

38. The museum's collection is remarkably broad, since it will _____ everything from Bronze Age tools to modern digital art.
**A)** supplement **B)** encompass **C)** mimic **D)** erode

39. As more streetlights were installed along the highway, the number of nighttime accidents began to _____ steadily, falling lower every year.
**A)** fluctuate **B)** proliferate **C)** diminish **D)** intensify

40. Over thousands of years, the steady flow of the river will _____ the soft limestone, slowly carving a deep canyon.
**A)** erode **B)** enhance **C)** mimic **D)** supplement

41. Sales at the seaside cafe tend to _____ wildly, soaring each summer and plunging each winter, which makes it hard for the owner to plan a budget.
**A)** proliferate **B)** emerge **C)** fluctuate **D)** stagnate

42. With no natural predators on the island, the rabbits began to _____ rapidly, and within two years their population had grown from a dozen to several thousand.
**A)** stagnate **B)** fluctuate **C)** diminish **D)** proliferate

43. After the factory closed, the town's economy began to _____: no new businesses opened, wages stayed flat, and many young people moved away.
**A)** intensify **B)** stagnate **C)** proliferate **D)** emerge

44. After years underground, the cicadas will _____ from the soil at dusk and climb the nearest trees to shed their skins.
**A)** stagnate **B)** diminish **C)** fluctuate **D)** emerge

45. Whales did not appear overnight; fossils show that they had to _____ gradually, over millions of years, from small four-legged land animals.
**A)** evolve **B)** diminish **C)** stagnate **D)** fluctuate

46. When the pond dried up each summer, the frogs had to _____ to the harsh new conditions by burying themselves in mud until the rains returned.
**A)** adapt **B)** proliferate **C)** fluctuate **D)** stagnate

47. As the hurricane moved over warm ocean water, its winds began to _____, growing stronger by the hour until the storm reached the coast.
**A)** fluctuate **B)** diminish **C)** intensify **D)** stagnate

48. The concert hall's curved ceiling helps to _____ the sound of the violins, making even the quietest notes audible in the back row.
**A)** erode **B)** amplify **C)** mimic **D)** encompass

49. The restaurant planted herbs in its window boxes to _____ the dining room's appeal, hoping that the greenery and fragrance would attract more customers.
**A)** enhance **B)** mimic **C)** diminish **D)** erode

50. Her scholarship paid for tuition only, so she took a weekend job to _____ her income and cover the cost of books and rent.
**A)** supplement **B)** mimic **C)** diminish **D)** erode

51. Analysts expect the new factory to _____ last year's output by nearly twenty percent, producing more cars than the old plant ever managed.
**A)** hypothesize **B)** surpass **C)** commemorate **D)** renounce

52. Although the underdog team trailed for most of the match, its patience and teamwork helped it _____ in the final minutes and win the trophy.
**A)** allude **B)** disparage **C)** stagnate **D)** prevail

53. The pilot was told never to _____ from the approved flight path, even when the sky looked clear, because other planes were using nearby routes.
**A)** erode **B)** commemorate **C)** endorse **D)** deviate

54. The two friends walked together until the road split in two, and there their paths would _____, one heading north to the college and the other south to the port.
**A)** concede **B)** diverge **C)** fluctuate **D)** mimic

55. To _____ the damage from seasonal floods, the town built low walls along the river; the walls could not stop the water, but they reduced the harm.
**A)** allude **B)** mitigate **C)** mimic **D)** hypothesize

56. The nurse placed a cool cloth on the patient's forehead to _____ his headache, hoping the simple remedy would ease the pain until the doctor arrived.
**A)** stagnate **B)** proliferate **C)** refute **D)** alleviate

57. The city's new drainage system was designed to _____ the poor conditions in the old neighborhood, where flooded streets had long made daily life difficult.
**A)** commemorate **B)** ameliorate **C)** fluctuate **D)** deduce

58. Rather than calming the dispute, the manager's sarcastic email only served to _____ it, turning a small disagreement into a bitter feud.
**A)** exacerbate **B)** endorse **C)** clarify **D)** validate

59. Heavy snow began to _____ the rescue crews' progress, forcing the trucks to crawl along the highway at a fraction of their usual speed.
**A)** endorse **B)** hypothesize **C)** impede **D)** evoke

60. Without a reliable internet connection, students may find it hard to finish their research, and the lack of access will _____ their efforts all semester.
**A)** elicit **B)** hinder **C)** interpret **D)** commemorate

61. The contract's strict wording does not merely discourage outside work; it will actually _____ it, making any second job impossible for employees.
**A)** encompass **B)** preclude **C)** lament **D)** mimic

62. Scientists found that a chemical in the walnut tree's roots can _____ the growth of nearby plants, leaving the ground around the tree bare.
**A)** inhibit **B)** hypothesize **C)** endorse **D)** dismiss

63. Rather than wait in the long line at the main entrance, some visitors tried to _____ the rule by sneaking in through a side gate.
**A)** lament **B)** amplify **C)** advocate **D)** circumvent

64. Farmers plant clover between rows of crops because its roots add nitrogen to the soil, which helps _____ the loss of nutrients caused by years of growing corn.
**A)** commemorate **B)** speculate **C)** denounce **D)** counteract

65. Every time the inventor seemed close to a working prototype, a new shortage of funding would _____ her, forcing her to start the search for money all over again.
**A)** acknowledge **B)** commemorate **C)** stymie **D)** infer

66. The coach's goal is to _____ a spirit of cooperation on the team by rewarding players who help teammates and by encouraging everyone to share ideas.
**A)** deviate **B)** foster **C)** refute **D)** circumvent

67. A well-designed website can _____ the process of registering for classes, allowing students to sign up in minutes instead of standing in long lines.
**A)** postulate **B)** critique **C)** facilitate **D)** renounce

68. Authorities attempted to _____ the news by banning newspapers from printing it, but rumors spread quickly by word of mouth.
**A)** bolster **B)** highlight **C)** suppress **D)** corroborate

69. The politician's careless remark about teachers was meant as a joke, but it managed to _____ an angry response from thousands of listeners within hours.
**A)** exemplify **B)** renounce **C)** speculate **D)** provoke

70. Critics worried that the flashy costumes and bright lighting would _____ the singers themselves, drawing the audience's attention away from the music.
**A)** overshadow **B)** validate **C)** adapt **D)** infer

71. Upon becoming a monk, he chose to _____ all his property and wealth, formally giving up everything he owned before entering the monastery.
**A)** renounce **B)** amplify **C)** derive **D)** perceive

72. The author struggled to _____ her two competing goals, a desire for adventure abroad and a wish to stay near family, so that both could fit into one life plan.
**A)** proliferate **B)** reconcile **C)** denounce **D)** mimic

73. A good interviewer asks open-ended questions in order to _____ detailed answers from nervous candidates, rather than simple yes-or-no replies.
**A)** surpass **B)** concede **C)** elicit **D)** assert

74. The smell of fresh bread can _____ vivid memories of childhood, bringing back afternoons spent in her grandmother's kitchen.
**A)** circumvent **B)** evoke **C)** fluctuate **D)** refute

75. The teacher's simple analogy of a water pipe did more than any textbook paragraph to _____ how electric current works, making a confusing idea suddenly clear.
**A)** suppress **B)** erode **C)** commemorate **D)** illuminate

76. The contract's wording was so _____ that the two companies each read it differently, and both believed the terms favored them.
**A)** ambiguous **B)** peripheral **C)** resilient **D)** candid

77. Rather than calling the treaty a total success or a total failure, the historian offered a _____ account that weighed its small benefits against its hidden costs.
**A)** resilient **B)** peripheral **C)** nuanced **D)** ubiquitous

78. The difference between the two shades of green was so _____ that only a trained painter could notice it without a side-by-side comparison.
**A)** pervasive **B)** substantial **C)** prominent **D)** subtle

79. Instead of arguing over ideals, the mayor took a _____ approach and chose whichever repair plan was cheapest and could actually be finished before winter.
**A)** obscure **B)** pragmatic **C)** ambivalent **D)** impartial

80. Because the miracle cure had never been tested in a clinical trial, the doctor stayed _____ and refused to recommend it until she had seen the data.
**A)** skeptical **B)** peripheral **C)** ubiquitous **D)** inherent

81. The detective's theory was _____: it explained every clue found at the scene, although she still needed a witness to prove it.
**A)** explicit **B)** plausible **C)** resilient **D)** peripheral

82. Investors trusted the report because it came from a _____ source with a long record of accurate, carefully checked work.
**A)** elusive **B)** ubiquitous **C)** ambivalent **D)** credible

83. Although no one had ever written it down, the _____ rule in the office was that nobody scheduled meetings before nine in the morning.
**A)** ubiquitous **B)** implicit **C)** skeptical **D)** resilient

84. The teacher gave _____ instructions, stating exactly how many pages to write, which font to use, and when the essay was due.
**A)** explicit **B)** ambivalent **C)** peripheral **D)** obscure

85. The poet remained _____ for decades, known only to a handful of scholars, until a new anthology introduced her work to a wide audience.
**A)** pragmatic **B)** credible **C)** obscure **D)** prominent

86. Her _____ feedback stung at first, but the team came to appreciate that she always told them exactly what she thought.
**A)** peripheral **B)** pervasive **C)** empirical **D)** candid

87. Maya felt _____ about moving abroad: she was thrilled by the adventure but dreaded leaving her family behind.
**A)** resilient **B)** ambivalent **C)** substantial **D)** obscure

88. A judge must remain _____, ruling only on the evidence and never favoring either the defendant or the prosecutor.
**A)** elusive **B)** subtle **C)** ubiquitous **D)** impartial

89. The theory sounded elegant, but the scientists wanted _____ evidence, gathered through careful measurement, instead of clever arguments alone.
**A)** empirical **B)** peripheral **C)** candid **D)** ambivalent

90. The editor cut the paragraph about the author's hobbies because it was only _____ to the main argument of the biography.
**A)** skeptical **B)** resilient **C)** peripheral **D)** ambivalent

91. The new museum's glass tower is so _____ that visitors can spot it from several miles away across the flat plain.
**A)** impartial **B)** subtle **C)** obscure **D)** prominent

92. Smoke from the wildfires was _____, seeping into every room of the house and settling on every surface despite the closed windows.
**A)** plausible **B)** peripheral **C)** pervasive **D)** candid

93. The company's profits rose by a _____ margin, nearly doubling in a single year and far exceeding what analysts had predicted.
**A)** substantial **B)** peripheral **C)** candid **D)** subtle

94. Some degree of risk is _____ to every investment; no strategy, however careful, can remove what is built into the nature of the market.
**A)** impartial **B)** inherent **C)** skeptical **D)** candid

95. After the flood destroyed their shop, the family proved _____, reopening within a month and even expanding the business.
**A)** explicit **B)** implicit **C)** elusive **D)** resilient

96. Smartphones have become _____: you can see them in classrooms, on buses, in restaurants, and in nearly every pocket in town.
**A)** ubiquitous **B)** skeptical **C)** elusive **D)** obscure

97. The rare snow leopard is so _____ that researchers may spend months in the mountains without catching even a glimpse of one.
**A)** candid **B)** elusive **C)** ubiquitous **D)** resilient

98. The data followed a clear pattern except for one _____: a single day when the reading fell far outside the normal range and stood apart from all the others.
**A)** ceremony **B)** paradox **C)** harvest **D)** anomaly

99. The auditor noticed a _____ between the invoice, which listed 40 crates, and the warehouse record, which showed only 36 arriving.
**A)** ceremony **B)** paradox **C)** harvest **D)** discrepancy

100. The saying "less is more" sounds self-contradictory yet can turn out to be true, which is why people often call it a _____.
**A)** anomaly **B)** discrepancy **C)** paradox **D)** ceremony

# Test final – Respuestas

Comprueba tu respuesta y lee después por qué. Cada tarjeta muestra qué significa la palabra, la pista de la frase y qué significan las otras opciones. Vuelve a leer la tarjeta de cada palabra que fallaste.

1 **C** **corroborate** corroborar, confirmar
PISTA "a second, independent source"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **lament** lamentar

2 **A** **substantiate** fundamentar, probar
PISTA "receipts, emails, or other hard proof"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **lament** lamentar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **advocate** abogar por

3 **A** **validate** validar
PISTA "the calculator gives correct answers every time"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **denounce** denunciar · **lament** lamentar · **commemorate** conmemorar

4 **D** **bolster** reforzar
PISTA "confidence had slumped"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **refute** refutar · **dismiss** desestimar · **lament** lamentar

5 **D** **reinforce** reforzar, afianzar
PISTA "repeat key ideas"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **disparage** menospreciar · **denounce** denunciar · **commemorate** conmemorar

6 **C** **endorse** respaldar, avalar
PISTA "tell customers that she approves of them"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **lament** lamentar · **clarify** aclarar · **refute** refutar

7 **A** **advocate** abogar por, defender
PISTA "speaking in public in favor of the change"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **refute** refutar · **lament** lamentar

8 **C** **underscore** subrayar, destacar
PISTA "making the need hard for officials to ignore"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **denounce** denunciar · **mimic** imitar

9 **B** **highlight** resaltar
PISTA "catch her eye during review"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **refute** refutar · **disparage** menospreciar · **renounce** renunciar a

10 **C** **exemplify** ejemplificar
PISTA "every runner cheered for the rivals as well as for teammates"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **disparage** menospreciar · **lament** lamentar · **refute** refutar

11 **B** **undermine** socavar, debilitar
PISTA "until few people believed anything she said"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **elaborate** detallar · **endorse** respaldar

12 **A** **refute** refutar, rebatir
PISTA "proving it false"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **lament** lamentar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **endorse** respaldar

13 **D** **contradict** contradecir
PISTA "the two versions said the opposite"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **elaborate** detallar · **endorse** respaldar

14 **D** **dismiss** desestimar, descartar
PISTA "as trivial, refusing to give it even a moment of serious thought"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **substantiate** fundamentar · **reinforce** reforzar

15 **C** **denounce** denunciar, condenar
PISTA "calling it a shameful act that must be stopped at once"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **clarify** aclarar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **bolster** reforzar

16 **C** **disparage** menospreciar, denigrar
PISTA "by calling it worthless"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **reinforce** reforzar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **clarify** aclarar

17 **B** **assert** afirmar, sostener
PISTA "insisting firmly that she was telling the truth"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **undermine** socavar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **disparage** menospreciar

18 **A** **contend** sostener, alegar
PISTA "building an argument meant to persuade the jury"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **lament** lamentar · **deduce** deducir · **clarify** aclarar

19 **C** **concede** conceder, admitir
PISTA "admitting unwillingly"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **elaborate** detallar · **bolster** reforzar · **foster** fomentar

20 **D** **acknowledge** reconocer
PISTA "accept responsibility for it instead of blaming a supplier"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **foster** fomentar · **mimic** imitar

21 **D** **critique** criticar, analizar
PISTA "naming what works well in each essay and what still needs revision"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **undermine** socavar · **mimic** imitar

22 **C** **lament** lamentar
PISTA "saying with great sadness"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **dismiss** desestimar · **mimic** imitar · **bolster** reforzar

23 **C** **elaborate** detallar, ampliar
PISTA "by adding specific details"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **suppress** suprimir · **mimic** imitar · **renounce** renunciar a

24 **B** **clarify** aclarar
PISTA "make them easier to follow"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **suppress** suprimir · **endorse** respaldar · **commemorate** conmemorar

25 **B** **commemorate** conmemorar
PISTA "honoring their memory"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **dismiss** desestimar · **refute** refutar · **mimic** imitar

26 **A** **allude** aludir
PISTA "never named the scandal outright"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **evolve** evolucionar · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **adapt** adaptarse

27 **C** **attribute** atribuir
PISTA "the invention of movable type in Europe to Johannes Gutenberg"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **erode** erosionar · **supplement** complementar

28 **C** **infer** inferir
PISTA "from the muddy boots beside the door"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **enhance** mejorar · **mimic** imitar · **supplement** complementar

29 **A** **deduce** deducir
PISTA "comparing the dates on the letters with the ship's published schedule"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **supplement** complementar · **enhance** mejorar · **commemorate** conmemorar

30 **B** **imply** insinuar, implicar
PISTA "her long sigh and crossed arms"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **supplement** complementar · **encompass** abarcar

31 **D** **interpret** interpretar
PISTA "explained what its symbols meant"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **supplement** complementar · **amplify** amplificar · **mimic** imitar

32 **D** **hypothesize** plantear una hipótesis
PISTA "then designed an experiment to test it"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **intensify** intensificarse · **diminish** disminuir

33 **C** **speculate** especular
PISTA "offering guesses instead of facts"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **fluctuate** fluctuar · **proliferate** proliferar · **stagnate** estancarse

34 **A** **postulate** postular, plantear
PISTA "a small set of basic assumptions"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **intensify** intensificarse · **erode** erosionar · **mimic** imitar

35 **B** **perceive** percibir
PISTA "one sees a calm landscape, while the other sees a storm"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **erode** erosionar · **encompass** abarcar · **supplement** complementar

36 **A** **mimic** imitar
PISTA "listeners often cannot tell the copy from the original"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **encompass** abarcar · **diminish** disminuir · **supplement** complementar

37 **A** **derive** derivar, provenir
PISTA "most of their income from tourism"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **encompass** abarcar · **supplement** complementar

38 **B** **encompass** abarcar
PISTA "everything from Bronze Age tools to modern digital art"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **supplement** complementar · **mimic** imitar · **erode** erosionar

39 **C** **diminish** disminuir
PISTA "falling lower every year"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **fluctuate** fluctuar · **proliferate** proliferar · **intensify** intensificarse

40 **A** **erode** erosionar, desgastar
PISTA "slowly carving a deep canyon"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **enhance** mejorar · **mimic** imitar · **supplement** complementar

41 **C** **fluctuate** fluctuar
PISTA "soaring each summer and plunging each winter"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **proliferate** proliferar · **emerge** surgir · **stagnate** estancarse

42 **D** **proliferate** proliferar
PISTA "from a dozen to several thousand"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **stagnate** estancarse · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **diminish** disminuir

43 **B** **stagnate** estancarse
PISTA "no new businesses opened, wages stayed flat"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **intensify** intensificarse · **proliferate** proliferar · **emerge** surgir

44 **D** **emerge** surgir, emerger
PISTA "After years underground"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **stagnate** estancarse · **diminish** disminuir · **fluctuate** fluctuar

45 **A** **evolve** evolucionar
PISTA "gradually, over millions of years"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **diminish** disminuir · **stagnate** estancarse · **fluctuate** fluctuar

46 **A** **adapt** adaptarse
PISTA "burying themselves in mud until the rains returned"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **proliferate** proliferar · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **stagnate** estancarse

47 **C** **intensify** intensificarse
PISTA "growing stronger by the hour"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **fluctuate** fluctuar · **diminish** disminuir · **stagnate** estancarse

48 **B** **amplify** amplificar
PISTA "making even the quietest notes audible in the back row"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **erode** erosionar · **mimic** imitar · **encompass** abarcar

49 **A** **enhance** mejorar, potenciar
PISTA "hoping that the greenery and fragrance would attract more customers"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **diminish** disminuir · **erode** erosionar

50 **A** **supplement** complementar
PISTA "Her scholarship paid for tuition only"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **mimic** imitar · **diminish** disminuir · **erode** erosionar

51 **B** **surpass** superar
PISTA "producing more cars than the old plant ever managed"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **hypothesize** plantear una hipótesis · **commemorate** conmemorar · **renounce** renunciar a

52 **D** **prevail** prevalecer, imperar
PISTA "win the trophy"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **allude** aludir · **disparage** menospreciar · **stagnate** estancarse

53 **D** **deviate** desviarse
PISTA "the approved flight path"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **erode** erosionar · **commemorate** conmemorar · **endorse** respaldar

54 **B** **diverge** divergir
PISTA "the road split in two"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **concede** conceder · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **mimic** imitar

55 **B** **mitigate** mitigar, atenuar
PISTA "the walls could not stop the water, but they reduced the harm"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **allude** aludir · **mimic** imitar · **hypothesize** plantear una hipótesis

56 **D** **alleviate** aliviar
PISTA "would ease the pain"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **stagnate** estancarse · **proliferate** proliferar · **refute** refutar

57 **B** **ameliorate** mejorar, paliar
PISTA "the poor conditions in the old neighborhood"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **deduce** deducir

58 **A** **exacerbate** agravar, empeorar
PISTA "turning a small disagreement into a bitter feud"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **endorse** respaldar · **clarify** aclarar · **validate** validar

59 **C** **impede** impedir, obstaculizar
PISTA "forcing the trucks to crawl"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **endorse** respaldar · **hypothesize** plantear una hipótesis · **evoke** evocar

60 **B** **hinder** dificultar, entorpecer
PISTA "Without a reliable internet connection"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **elicit** suscitar · **interpret** interpretar · **commemorate** conmemorar

61 **B** **preclude** excluir, impedir
PISTA "making any second job impossible"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **encompass** abarcar · **lament** lamentar · **mimic** imitar

62 **A** **inhibit** inhibir, frenar
PISTA "leaving the ground around the tree bare"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **hypothesize** plantear una hipótesis · **endorse** respaldar · **dismiss** desestimar

63 **D** **circumvent** eludir, sortear
PISTA "sneaking in through a side gate"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **lament** lamentar · **amplify** amplificar · **advocate** abogar por

64 **D** **counteract** contrarrestar
PISTA "its roots add nitrogen to the soil"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **commemorate** conmemorar · **speculate** especular · **denounce** denunciar

65 **C** **stymie** frustrar, bloquear
PISTA "forcing her to start the search for money all over again"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **acknowledge** reconocer · **commemorate** conmemorar · **infer** inferir

66 **B** **foster** fomentar, promover
PISTA "rewarding players who help teammates"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **deviate** desviarse · **refute** refutar · **circumvent** eludir

67 **C** **facilitate** facilitar
PISTA "allowing students to sign up in minutes"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **postulate** postular · **critique** criticar · **renounce** renunciar a

68 **C** **suppress** suprimir, reprimir
PISTA "by banning newspapers from printing it"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **bolster** reforzar · **highlight** resaltar · **corroborate** corroborar

69 **D** **provoke** provocar, suscitar
PISTA "an angry response from thousands of listeners"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **exemplify** ejemplificar · **renounce** renunciar a · **speculate** especular

70 **A** **overshadow** eclipsar, opacar
PISTA "drawing the audience's attention away from the music"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **validate** validar · **adapt** adaptarse · **infer** inferir

71 **A** **renounce** renunciar a
PISTA "formally giving up everything he owned"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **amplify** amplificar · **derive** derivar · **perceive** percibir

72 **B** **reconcile** conciliar, reconciliar
PISTA "so that both could fit into one life plan"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **proliferate** proliferar · **denounce** denunciar · **mimic** imitar

73 **C** **elicit** suscitar, obtener
PISTA "detailed answers from nervous candidates, rather than simple yes-or-no replies"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **surpass** superar · **concede** conceder · **assert** afirmar

74 **B** **evoke** evocar
PISTA "bringing back afternoons spent in her grandmother's kitchen"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **circumvent** eludir · **fluctuate** fluctuar · **refute** refutar

75 **D** **illuminate** esclarecer, iluminar
PISTA "making a confusing idea suddenly clear"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **suppress** suprimir · **erode** erosionar · **commemorate** conmemorar

76 **A** **ambiguous** ambiguo
PISTA "the two companies each read it differently"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **peripheral** secundario · **resilient** resiliente · **candid** franco

77 **C** **nuanced** matizado
PISTA "weighed its small benefits against its hidden costs"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **resilient** resiliente · **peripheral** secundario · **ubiquitous** omnipresente

78 **D** **subtle** sutil
PISTA "only a trained painter could notice it"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **pervasive** omnipresente · **substantial** considerable · **prominent** destacado

79 **B** **pragmatic** pragmático
PISTA "chose whichever repair plan was cheapest"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **obscure** oscuro · **ambivalent** ambivalente · **impartial** imparcial

80 **A** **skeptical** escéptico
PISTA "had never been tested in a clinical trial"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **peripheral** secundario · **ubiquitous** omnipresente · **inherent** inherente

81 **B** **plausible** plausible, verosímil
PISTA "it explained every clue found at the scene"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **explicit** explícito · **resilient** resiliente · **peripheral** secundario

82 **D** **credible** creíble
PISTA "a long record of accurate, carefully checked work"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **elusive** esquivo · **ubiquitous** omnipresente · **ambivalent** ambivalente

83 **B** **implicit** implícito
PISTA "no one had ever written it down"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **ubiquitous** omnipresente · **skeptical** escéptico · **resilient** resiliente

84 **A** **explicit** explícito
PISTA "stating exactly how many pages to write"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **ambivalent** ambivalente · **peripheral** secundario · **obscure** oscuro

85 **C** **obscure** oscuro, poco conocido
PISTA "known only to a handful of scholars"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **pragmatic** pragmático · **credible** creíble · **prominent** destacado

86 **D** **candid** franco, sincero
PISTA "she always told them exactly what she thought"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **peripheral** secundario · **pervasive** omnipresente · **empirical** empírico

87 **B** **ambivalent** ambivalente
PISTA "thrilled by the adventure but dreaded leaving her family behind"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **resilient** resiliente · **substantial** considerable · **obscure** oscuro

88 **D** **impartial** imparcial
PISTA "never favoring either the defendant or the prosecutor"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **elusive** esquivo · **subtle** sutil · **ubiquitous** omnipresente

89 **A** **empirical** empírico
PISTA "gathered through careful measurement"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **peripheral** secundario · **candid** franco · **ambivalent** ambivalente

90 **C** **peripheral** secundario, periférico
PISTA "the paragraph about the author's hobbies"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **skeptical** escéptico · **resilient** resiliente · **ambivalent** ambivalente

91 **D** **prominent** destacado, prominente
PISTA "spot it from several miles away"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **impartial** imparcial · **subtle** sutil · **obscure** oscuro

92 **C** **pervasive** omnipresente, generalizado
PISTA "seeping into every room of the house"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **plausible** plausible · **peripheral** secundario · **candid** franco

93 **A** **substantial** considerable, sustancial
PISTA "nearly doubling in a single year"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **peripheral** secundario · **candid** franco · **subtle** sutil

94 **B** **inherent** inherente, intrínseco
PISTA "what is built into the nature of the market"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **impartial** imparcial · **skeptical** escéptico · **candid** franco

95 **D** **resilient** resiliente
PISTA "reopening within a month"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **explicit** explícito · **implicit** implícito · **elusive** esquivo

96 **A** **ubiquitous** omnipresente, ubicuo
PISTA "in classrooms, on buses, in restaurants"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **skeptical** escéptico · **elusive** esquivo · **obscure** oscuro

97 **B** **elusive** esquivo, difícil de alcanzar
PISTA "months in the mountains without catching even a glimpse"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **candid** franco · **ubiquitous** omnipresente · **resilient** resiliente

98 **D** **anomaly** anomalía
PISTA "stood apart from all the others"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **ceremony** ceremonia · **paradox** paradoja · **harvest** cosecha

99 **D** **discrepancy** discrepancia
PISTA "which showed only 36 arriving"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **ceremony** ceremonia · **paradox** paradoja · **harvest** cosecha

100 **C** **paradox** paradoja
PISTA "sounds self-contradictory yet can turn out to be true"
LAS OTRAS OPCIONES **anomaly** anomalía · **discrepancy** discrepancia · **ceremony** ceremonia

# Índice alfabético


| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **acknowledge** | Verbo | reconocer |
| **adapt** | Verbo | adaptarse |
| **advocate** | Verbo | abogar por, defender |
| **alleviate** | Verbo | aliviar |
| **allude** | Verbo | aludir |
| **ambiguous** | Adjetivo | ambiguo |
| **ambivalent** | Adjetivo | ambivalente |
| **ameliorate** | Verbo | mejorar, paliar |
| **amplify** | Verbo | amplificar |
| **anomaly** | Sustantivo | anomalía |
| **assert** | Verbo | afirmar, sostener |
| **attribute** | Verbo | atribuir |
| **bolster** | Verbo | reforzar |
| **candid** | Adjetivo | franco, sincero |
| **circumvent** | Verbo | eludir, sortear |
| **clarify** | Verbo | aclarar |
| **commemorate** | Verbo | conmemorar |
| **concede** | Verbo | conceder, admitir |
| **contend** | Verbo | sostener, alegar |
| **contradict** | Verbo | contradecir |
| **corroborate** | Verbo | corroborar, confirmar |
| **counteract** | Verbo | contrarrestar |
| **credible** | Adjetivo | creíble |
| **critique** | Verbo | criticar, analizar |
| **deduce** | Verbo | deducir |
| **denounce** | Verbo | denunciar, condenar |
| **derive** | Verbo | derivar, provenir |
| **deviate** | Verbo | desviarse |
| **diminish** | Verbo | disminuir |
| **discrepancy** | Sustantivo | discrepancia |
| **dismiss** | Verbo | desestimar, descartar |
| **disparage** | Verbo | menospreciar, denigrar |
| **diverge** | Verbo | divergir |
| **elaborate** | Verbo | detallar, ampliar |
| **elicit** | Verbo | suscitar, obtener |
| **elusive** | Adjetivo | esquivo, difícil de alcanzar |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **emerge** | Verbo | surgir, emerger |
| **empirical** | Adjetivo | empírico |
| **encompass** | Verbo | abarcar |
| **endorse** | Verbo | respaldar, avalar |
| **enhance** | Verbo | mejorar, potenciar |
| **erode** | Verbo | erosionar, desgastar |
| **evoke** | Verbo | evocar |
| **evolve** | Verbo | evolucionar |
| **exacerbate** | Verbo | agravar, empeorar |
| **exemplify** | Verbo | ejemplificar |
| **explicit** | Adjetivo | explícito |
| **facilitate** | Verbo | facilitar |
| **fluctuate** | Verbo | fluctuar |
| **foster** | Verbo | fomentar, promover |
| **highlight** | Verbo | resaltar |
| **hinder** | Verbo | dificultar, entorpecer |
| **hypothesize** | Verbo | plantear una hipótesis |
| **illuminate** | Verbo | esclarecer, iluminar |
| **impartial** | Adjetivo | imparcial |
| **impede** | Verbo | impedir, obstaculizar |
| **implicit** | Adjetivo | implícito |
| **imply** | Verbo | insinuar, implicar |
| **infer** | Verbo | inferir |
| **inherent** | Adjetivo | inherente, intrínseco |
| **inhibit** | Verbo | inhibir, frenar |
| **intensify** | Verbo | intensificarse |
| **interpret** | Verbo | interpretar |
| **lament** | Verbo | lamentar |
| **mimic** | Verbo | imitar |
| **mitigate** | Verbo | mitigar, atenuar |
| **nuanced** | Adjetivo | matizado |
| **obscure** | Adjetivo | oscuro, poco conocido |
| **overshadow** | Verbo | eclipsar, opacar |
| **paradox** | Sustantivo | paradoja |
| **perceive** | Verbo | percibir |
| **peripheral** | Adjetivo | secundario, periférico |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **pervasive** | Adjetivo | omnipresente, generalizado |
| **plausible** | Adjetivo | plausible, verosímil |
| **postulate** | Verbo | postular, plantear |
| **pragmatic** | Adjetivo | pragmático |
| **preclude** | Verbo | excluir, impedir |
| **prevail** | Verbo | prevalecer, imperar |
| **proliferate** | Verbo | proliferar |
| **prominent** | Adjetivo | destacado, prominente |
| **provoke** | Verbo | provocar, suscitar |
| **reconcile** | Verbo | conciliar, reconciliar |
| **refute** | Verbo | refutar, rebatir |
| **reinforce** | Verbo | reforzar, afianzar |
| **renounce** | Verbo | renunciar a |
| **resilient** | Adjetivo | resiliente |
| **skeptical** | Adjetivo | escéptico |
| **speculate** | Verbo | especular |
| **stagnate** | Verbo | estancarse |
| **stymie** | Verbo | frustrar, bloquear |
| **substantial** | Adjetivo | considerable, sustancial |
| **substantiate** | Verbo | fundamentar, probar |
| **subtle** | Adjetivo | sutil |
| **supplement** | Verbo | complementar |
| **suppress** | Verbo | suprimir, reprimir |
| **surpass** | Verbo | superar |
| **ubiquitous** | Adjetivo | omnipresente, ubicuo |
| **undermine** | Verbo | socavar, debilitar |
| **underscore** | Verbo | subrayar, destacar |
| **validate** | Verbo | validar |

## Gracias

Gracias por leer esta guía hasta el final. Espero que te ayude en tu preparación para el SAT; ¡mucha suerte!

La tarjeta de fórmulas de matemáticas, el banco de preguntas difíciles y las guías de vocabulario en otros idiomas están todos en mi sitio, plainprep.

### Siguientes pasos

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